## **Hybrid Treatment in Complex Vascular Reconstruction**

MARIANO NORESE<sup>1</sup>, GUSTAVO ANDERSEN<sup>2</sup>, SERGIO FERREYRA FERNÁNDEZ<sup>1</sup>

Techniques used for hybrid treatments, combining open surgery with endovascular procedures, were developed to treat complex cases of peripheral vascular disease. Images show the treatment outcome in a 66-year-old patient, hypertensive and ex-smoker, with a history of aortobifemoral replacement with Dacron patch due to Leriche syndrome 20 years before; he required left sequential iliofemoral prosthetic bypass due to obstruction of the left prosthetic iliac branch. In 2012, above the Dacron patch, an infra-

renal aortic aneurysm of 6.5 cm was diagnosed and treated with endovascular therapy. At 3-month follow up, the patient presented with obstruction of the right prosthetic iliac branch, which was resolved by angioplasty with iliac stent-graft plus a right iliofemoral "extra-anatomic" bypass through the obturator foramen with a polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) ringed prosthesis.

The 128-slice multidetector 3D CT angiography and the intraoperative angiography reveal the multiple hybrid coronary artery bypass grafting (Figures 1 and 2).





Fig. 2. Intraoperative digital angiography.



Fig. 1. CT angiography in patient undergoing hybrid therapy.

 $Rev\ Argent\ Cardiol\ 2012; 80:470\ \ http://dx.doi.org/10.7775/rac.v80.i6.1512$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Vascular Surgery Unit

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Interventional Cardiology and Endovascular Therapy Unit